Features

- +115°C Maximum Case Temperature
- -45°C Minimum Case Temperature

ICF Technology*

- Built-in EMC Filter Ribbed Case Style
- 2250VDC Isolation
 - EN-55022 Class B

Description

The RPP30 series 2:1 input range DC/DC converters are ideal for high end industrial applications and COTS Military applications where a very wide operating temperature range of -45°C to +115°C is required. Although the case size is very compact, the converter contains a built-in EMC filter EN-55022 Class B without the need for any external components. The RPP30 is available in a ribbed case style for active cooling. They are UL-60950-1 certified.

Selection Guide										
Part Number	Input Voltage Range [VDC]	Input Current [mA]	Output Voltage [VDC]	Output Current [mA]	Efficiency typ. [%]	Max. Capacitive Load [µF]				
RPP30-2405S	18-36	1390	5	6000	91	2200				

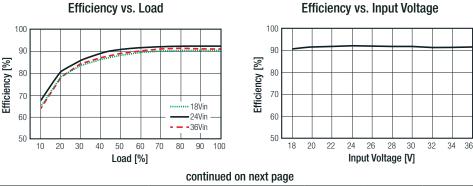
Notes:

Typical values at nominal input voltage and full load. Note1:

Specifications (measured @ ta= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

BASIC CHARACTERISTICS	BASIC CHARACTERISTICS									
Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.						
Input Voltage Range	nom. Vin= 24VDC	18VDC	24VDC	36VDC						
Transient Input Voltage	≤100ms			50VDC						
Inrush Current	with EMC Filter without EMC Filter			20A 40A						
Under Voltage Lockout	DC-DC ON DC-DC OFF	17.5VDC		17VDC						
Remote ON/OFF	ON / high logic OFF / low logic	Open, 4.5V Short, 0V		5.5V 1.2V						
Remote OFF Input Voltage	nominal input		5mA							
Start-up Time	when use CTRL function		20ms							
Internal Operating Frequency		270kHz	300kHz	330kHz						
Output Voltage Trimming			±10%							
Efficiency	typ. Vin, full load	90%	91%							
Minimum Load		0%								
Output Ripple and Noise	20MHz limited, 1µF output MLCC		50mVp-p	100mVp-p						

Efficiency vs. Load



RECON **DC/DC** Converter

RPP30-2405S

30 Watt 2:1 2" x 1.2" **Ribbed Style Single Output**





UL-60950-1 Certified EN-55022 Certified

* ICE Technology

ICE (Innovation in Converter Excellence) uses state-of-the-art techniques to minimise internal power dissipation and to increase the internal temperature limits to extend the ambient operating temperature range to the maximum.



RPP30-2405S

Series

Specifications (measured @ ta= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

Trimming Output Voltage

Only the single output converters have a trim function that allows users to adjust the output voltage from +10% to -10%, please refer to the trim table that follow for details. Adjustment to the output voltage can be used with a simple fixed resistor as shown in Figures 1 and 2. A single fixed resistor can increase or decrease the output voltage depending on its connection. Resistor should be located close to the converter. If the trim function is not used, leave the trim pin open.

Trim adjustments higher than the specified range can have an adverse effect on the converter's performance and are not recommended. Excessive voltage differences between output voltage sense voltage, in conjunction with trim adjustment of the output voltage; can cause the OVP circuitry to activate. Thermal derating is based on maximum output current and voltage at the converter's output pins. Use of the trim and sense function can cause output voltages to increase, thereby increasing output power beyond the converter's specified rating. Therefore: (Vout at Pins) X (lout) \leq rated output power.

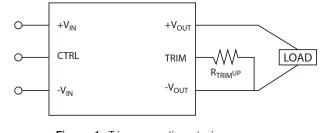


Figure 1. Trim connections to increase output voltage using fixed resistors

			Trim up resistor value (KΩ)										
1	Vout	1%	2%	3%	4%	5%	6%	7%	8%	9%	10%		
Ę	5VDC	102.6	49.3	27.5	18.2	11.7	8.0	5.2	3.1	1.4	0		

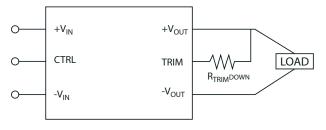


Figure 2. Trim connections to decrease output voltage using fixed resistors

		Trim down resistor value (KΩ)										
Vout	-1%	-2%	-3%	-4%	-5%	-6%	-7%	-8%	-9%	-10%		
5VDC	139.6	61.1	36	22.6	15.5	10.5	6.7	4.1	2.0	0.3		

REGULATIONS							
Parameter	Condition	Value					
Output Voltage Accuracy	50% load	±1.5% max.					
Line Voltage Regulation	low line to high line	±0.3% max.					
Load Voltage Regulation	10% to 100% load	±0.5% max.					
Transient Response	25% load step change, ∆lo/∆t=2.5A/us	800µs typ.					
Transient Peak Deviation	25% load step change, $\Delta lo/\Delta t$ =2.5A/us	±2%Vout max.					

Parameter	Condition	Value
Output Power Protection (OPP)	Hiccup Mode	120% typ.
Over Voltage Protection (OVP)	10% load	120% typ.
Over Temperature Protection (OTP)	case temperature	120°C, auto-recovery
Isolation Voltage	I/P to O/P, at 70% RH I/P to Case, O/P to Case	2250VDC / 1 Minute 1500VDC / 1 Minute
Isolation Resistance	I/P to O/P , at 70% RH	100MΩ min.
Isolation Capacitance	I/P to O/P	1500pF typ.

Note2: This Power Module is not internally fused. A input fuse must be always used. Recommended Fuse: T2.5A

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RPP30-2405S

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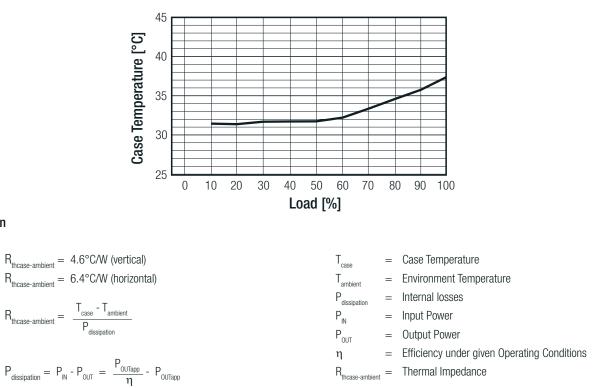
Specifications (measured @ ta= 25°C, nominal input voltage, full load and after warm-up)

ENVIRONMENTAL							
Parameter	Condition		Value				
Relative Humidity			95%, non condensing				
Temperature Coefficient			±0.04% / °C max.				
Thermal Impedance	natural convection, mounting at FR4 (254x254mm) PCB	vertical horizontal	4.6°C/W 6.4°C/W				
Operating Temperature Range	start up at -45°C		-45°C to (see calculation)				
Maximum Case Temperature			+115°C				
MTBF	according to MIL-HDBK-217F (+ according to BellCore-TR-332 (+	,	609 x 10 ³ hours 1541 x 10 ³ hours				

Derating Graph

Calculation

(Ta= +25°C, natural convection, typ. Vin and vertical mounting)



Practical Example:

Take the RPP30-2405S with 50% load. What is the maximum ambient operating temperature? Use converter vertical in application.

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Eff}_{min} = 90\% @ V_{nom} \\ & P_{\text{OUT}} = 30W \\ & P_{\text{OUTapp}} = 30 \text{ x } 0.5 = 15W \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & P_{\text{dissipation}} = \frac{P_{\text{OUTapp}}}{\eta} - P_{\text{OUTapp}} \\ & P_{\text{dissipation}} = \frac{P_{\text{OUTapp}}}{\eta} - P_{\text{OUTapp}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & R_{\text{th}} = \frac{T_{\text{casemax}} - T_{\text{ambient}}}{P_{\text{dissipation}}} \\ & - > 4.6^{\circ}\text{C/W} = \frac{115^{\circ}\text{C} - T_{\text{ambient}}}{1.48W} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \eta = \sim 91\% \text{ (from Eff vs Load Graph)} \\ & P_{\text{dissipation}} = \frac{15}{0.91} - 15 = 1.48W \end{aligned}$$

continued on next page

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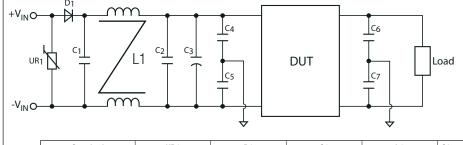
Soldering

Hand Soldering	Wave Soldering
Hand Soldering is the least preferred method because the amount of	High temperature and long soldering time will result in IMC layer
solder applied, the time the soldering iron is held on the joint, the	increasing in thickness and thereby shorten the solder joint lifetime.
temperature of the iron and the temperature of the solder joint are	Therefore the peak temperature over 245°C is not suggested due
variable.	to the potential reliability risk of components under continuous high-
The recommended hand soldering guideline is listed in Table 1. The	temperature. In the meanwhile, the soldering time of temperature
suggested soldering process must keep the power module's internal	above 217°C should be less than 90 seconds. Please refer to the sol-
temperature below the critical temperature of 217°C continuously.	dering profile below for recommended temperature profile parameters.

	Table 1 Hand-So	Idering Guideline)	Temp
Parameter	Single-side Circuit Boad	Double-side Circuit Board	Multi-layers Circuit Board	Peak Temp. 240 - 245°C
Soldering Iron Wattage	90W	90W	90W	217°C
Tip Temperature	385 ±10°C	420 ±10°C	420 ±10°C	150°C Breheat time 100-140 sec.
Soldering Time	2-6 seconds	4-10 seconds	4-10 seconds	25°C Ramp upmax. 3°C/sec Time

SAFETY AND CERTIFICATIONS		
Certificate Type (Safety)	Report Number	Standard
Information Technology Equipment, General Requirements for Safety	E224236	UL-60950-1, 1st Edition
Certificate Type (Environmental)	Condition	Standard / Criterion
Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement		EN55022, Class B
ESD Immunity Test	±8kV Air Discharge, ±6kV Contact Discharge	IEC61000-4-2, Criteria B
RF Field Strengh Susceptibility Test	10V/m	IEC61000-4-3, Criteria A
Electrical Fast Transient Test / Burst Immunity Text	±4kV Applie d	IEC61000-4-4, Criteria B
Surge Immunity Test	±4kV Applied	IEC61000-4-5, Criteria B
Conducted Disturbance Susceptibility Test	10V rms	IEC61000-4-6, Criteria A
Vibration	50-150Hz, along X, Y and Z	EN60068-2-6
Thermal Cycling (complies with MIL-STD-810F)	12 cycles	EN60068-2-14
Shock	5g / 30ms	EN60068-2-27

EMC Filtering - Suggestions



It is recommended to add UR1, D1 and C1 in railway application. C1, L1, C2 and C3 can be modified for required EMI standards. To meet EN61000-4-2, module case should be earth grounded. We offer independent case pin option on request.

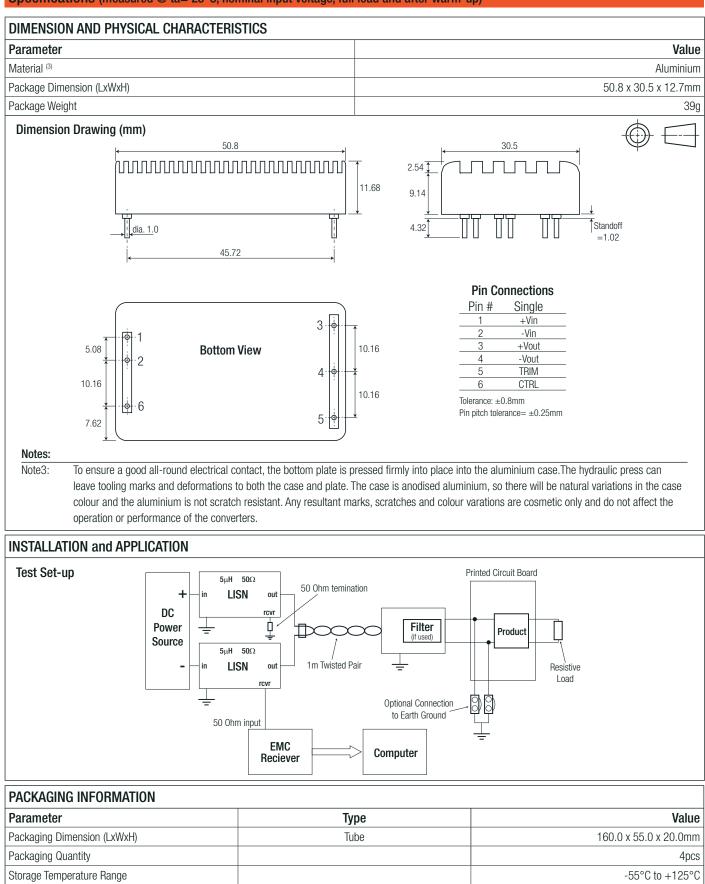
Standard	UR1	D1	C1	L1	C2	C3	C4, C5, C6, C7
EN55022 Class B	MOV 14D361K	50V / 9A	1.5µF / 250V	550µH ±20%	6.8µF / 50V		0.47aEV1.0ap
EN61000-4-2, 3, 4, 5, 6	WUV 14D301K	50V / 9A	N/A	N/A	N/A		0.47nF Y1-Cap

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